The American Republic Since 1877

I WANT YOU

Unit 6 Global Struggles

EXIT

Appleby Brinkley Broussard McPherson Ritchie





Copyright © by The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.



Click the Speaker button to listen to the audio again.



















Geography&History



Unit Overview

Unit 6 explores the global struggles faced by the United States between 1931 and 1960. Chapter 19 covers the ten years leading up to World War II, 1931–1941. **Chapter 20** focuses on America and World War II, 1941–1945. Chapter 21 details the beginning of the Cold War, 1945–1960. Chapter 22 focuses on postwar America, 1945-1960.



Unit

Introduction













•





Geography<mark>&</mark>History



Unit Objectives

After studying this unit, you will be able to: .

- Identify events leading up to World War II. J
- Detail the major battles and strategies of World War II.
 - Explain how the Cold War began.
- Describe life in postwar America.





Global Struggles 1931–1960

Unit Introduction











LITERATURE



Geography&History



Why It Matters Activity

As a class, discuss the reasons countries become involved in wars. Identify the places where wars or armed conflicts are currently taking place. Do you think another world war is possible?



End of UNIT INTRODUCTION

Click the mouse button to return to the Contents slide.





Explore online information about the topics introduced in this chapter.

Click on the **Connect** button to launch your browser and go to *The American Republic Since 1877* Web site. At this site, you will find interactive activities, current events information, and Web sites correlated with the chapters and units in the textbook. When you finish exploring, exit the browser program to return to this presentation. If you experience difficulty connecting to the Web site, manually launch your Web browser and go to **http://tarvol2.glencoe.com**





CAUSE-AND-EFFECT TRANSPARENCY 6

Global Struggles Domestic Prosperity

Japan attacks Pearl Harbor

The U.S. economy booms as almost all major industries convert to war production

America enters World War II

> Soviet Union takes over Eastern Europe– Cold War begins

War is fought on two fronts: the Pacific and Europe. The Allies win. U.S.-Soviet Arms Race Formation of NATO Korean War New Red Scare

Consumerism

Baby Boom

Television

Growth of Suburbs



LITERATURE

from Farewell to Manzanar

Click the image on the right to listen to an excerpt from the story. Then answer the questions on the following slides.



This feature is found on page 649 of your textbook. Click the Speaker button to listen to the audio again.





from Farewell to Manzanar



Recall and Interpret How did the food served at the camp show a lack of understanding of Japanese culture?



Possible answer: Rice is never eaten with sweet foods.





from Farewell to Manzanar



Evaluate and Connect Why do you think the families in the camps were assigned numbers?



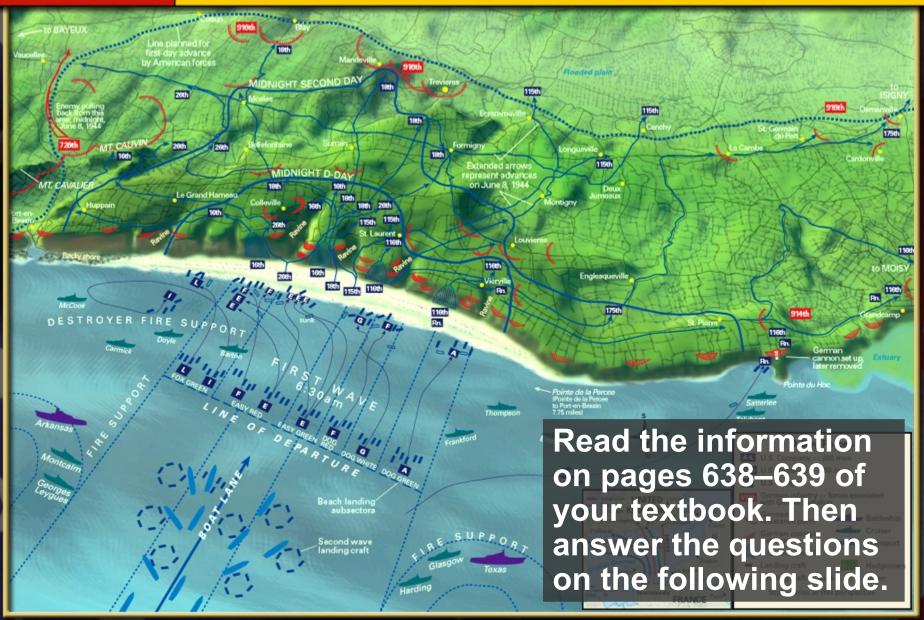
Possible answer: Camp officials likely chose to use numbers because they found Japanese names difficult to spell and pronounce.



NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC

Geography&History

Nightmare at Omaha





Learning from Geography

Why did Allies chose Normandy as the site of the invasion?



The Allies chose Normandy because it was a sheltered location with flat, firm beaches and was within range of friendly fighter planes based in England. There were roads or paths to lead jeeps, trucks, and troops off the beaches. There was an airfield and a seaport that could be used by the Allies. There was a reasonable expectation of achieving the element of surprise.



Learning from Geography

Why was the landing at Omaha Beach so much more difficult than U.S. leaders expected?



JATIONAI

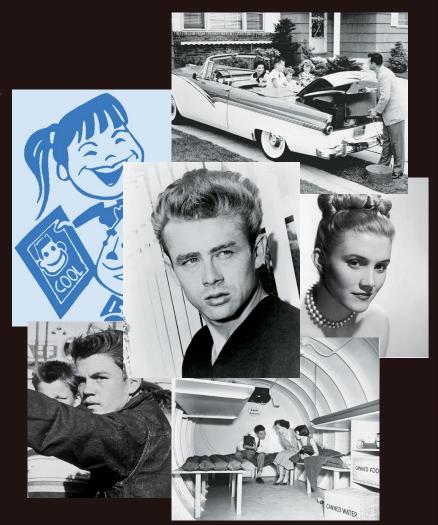
Winds and steady currents pushed landing craft into clumps as the men moved to shore. As groups of soldiers ran onto the beach they became easy targets for the Germans who had built strong defenses atop the cliffs overlooking Omaha Beach.

AN AGE OF PROSPERITY: 1945-1960

What were people's lives like in the past?

What-and who-were people talking about? What events shaped their lives? What did they do for fun? The following slides will give you some clues to everyday life in the United States as you step back in time with TIME Notebook.

TME NOTEBOOK

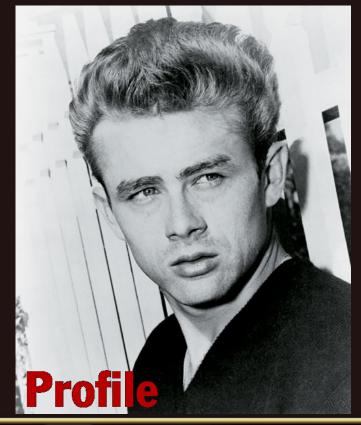


This feature is found on pages 704–705 of your textbook.



AN AGE OF PROSPERITY: 1945-1960

JAMES DEAN had a brief but spectacular career as a film star. His role in Rebel Without a Cause made him an icon for American youth in the mid-50s. In 1955 Dean was killed in a car crash. He was 24."I guess I have as good an insight into this rising generation as any other young man my age.



Therefore, when I do play a youth, I try to imitate life. Rebel Without a Cause deals with the problems of modern youth.... If you want the kids to come and see the picture, you've got to try to reach them on their own grounds. If a picture is psychologically motivated, if there is truth in the relationships in it, then I think that picture will do good."

–from an interview for Rebel Without a Cause

This feature is found on pages 704–705 of your textbook.



ТІМЕ потевоок

AN AGE OF PROSPERITY: 1945-1960

VERBATIM



AN AGE OF PROSPERITY: 1945-1960

ТІМЕ потевоок

WINNERS & LOSERS

POODLE CUTS Short, curly

hairstyle gains wide popularity and acceptance

TV GUIDE

New weekly magazine achieves circulation of 6.5 million by 1959

PALMER PAINT COMPANY OF DETROIT

Sells 12 million paint-bynumber kits ranging from simple landscapes and portraits to Leonardo da Vinci's *The Last Supper* THE DUCKTAIL Banned in several Massachusetts schools in 1957 J

COLLIERS

The respected magazine loss circulation, publishes its final edition on January 4, 1957 **J**

LEONARDO DA VINCI'S The Last Supper Now everyone can paint their own copy to hang in their homes.







Translation, Please! Match the word to its meaning. Teen-Age Lingo

cool ______a. a dull person, an outsider
 hang loose _____b. worthy of approval
 hairy ______c. formidable
 yo-yo _____d. don't worry



Be Prepared

"Know the Bomb's True Dangers. Know the Steps You Can Take to Escape Them!–You Can Survive." *Government pamphlet, 1950* ↓

DIGGING YOUR OWN BOMB SHELTER? Better go shopping. On the following slide is a list of items included with the \$3,000 Mark I Kiddie Kokoon, designed to accommodate a family of five for a threeto-five-day underground stay.





ТІМЕ потевоок

Be Prepared

- air blower
- Radiation detector
- protective apparel suit #
- face respirator
- radiation charts (4) ↓
- hand shovel combination (for digging out after blast)
- gasoline driven generator
- gasoline (10 gallons) ↓
- chemical toilet
- toilet chemicals (2 gallons)
- bunks (5) **↓**

- Mattresses and blanket (5) ↓
- air pump (for blowing up mattresses) ↓
- incandescent bulbs (2) 40 watts
- fuses (2) 5 amperes ↓
- clock-non-electric
- first aid kit ↓
- waterless hand cleaner
- sterno stove
- canned water (10 gallons)
- canned food (meat, powdered milk, cereal, sugar, etc.) ↓
- paper products



NUMBERS 1957

- 3¢ Cost of first-class postage stamp
- **19¢** Cost of loaf of bread
- 25¢ Cost of issue of Sports Illustrated
- **35¢** Cost of movie ticket
- 50¢ Cost of gallon of milk (delivered)
- **\$2.05** Average hourly wage

\$2,845 Cost of new car
\$5,234 Median income for a family of four
\$19,500 Median price to buy a home

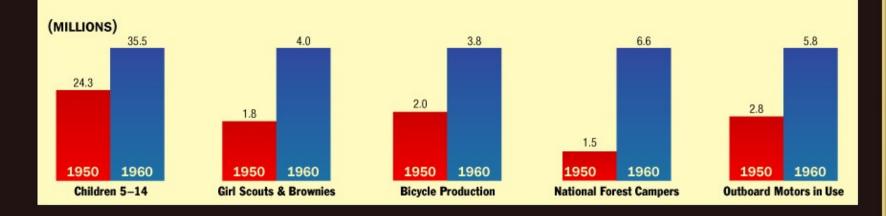




TIME NOTEBOOK

AN AGE OF PROSPERITY: 1945-1960

American Scene, 1950–1960



This feature is found on pages 704–705 of your textbook.



End of SLIDE SHOW

Click the mouse button to return to the Contents slide.

